

COVID-19 Symptom &/or Contact Management for Schools

A quick reference guide for parents, carers and staff

Updated: 16 September 2020

DEFINITIONS OF COVID-19 SYMPTOMS

Please read these definitions through carefully. If you are unsure, please call 111 for further advice or 119 to request a test.

A NEW CONTINUOUS COUGH

A NEW CONTINUOUS COUGH MEANS:

- you are coughing a lot for more than 1 hour



OR

- you have been coughing a lot 3 or more times in 24 hours
- if you normally have a cough, it may be worse than usual.



The coronavirus cough is a dry cough. This means it does not produce any phlegm or mucus (so you do not cough anything up like you would with a chesty cough).

If you have a chest condition you may already cough. If you have symptoms of coronavirus, you may have a cough that is different from your normal cough, or your normal cough may feel worse than usual.

WHAT TO DO:

- rest
- drink lots of fluids



A HIGH TEMPERATURE OR FEVER

A high temperature or fever is a normal way for your body to fight infection.

This is because the increase in body temperature makes it harder for viruses and bacteria to survive.



You do not need to take your temperature to know you have a fever.

If you do have a thermometer however, a fever is when your temperature is 37.8C or higher.



A THIRD COMMON SYMPTOM OF CORONAVIRUS IS A LOSS OF, OR CHANGE IN, SENSE OF SMELL OR TASTE (ANOSMIA).



SCENARIOS

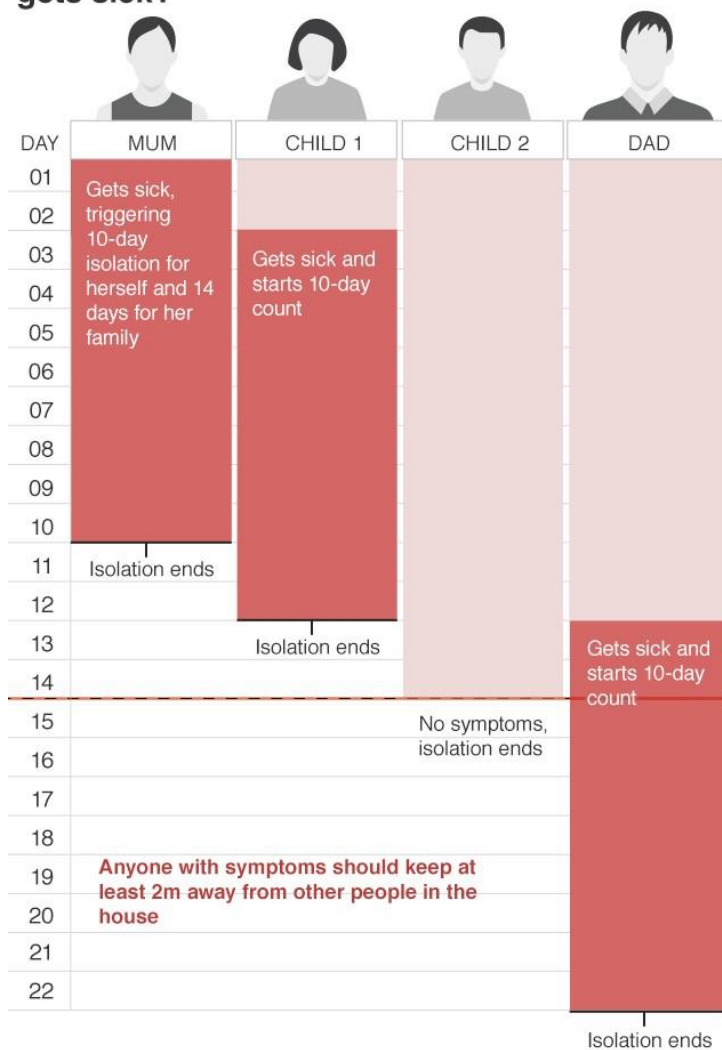
This guidance and the scenarios change as new government guidance is issued and as agreed across the system. Please check Public Health England's website for potential changes to this guidance or other COVID-19 information.

What to do if...	Action Needed	Return to school when...
...my child has any Covid-19 symptoms	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Do not go to school. - Contact school to inform them. - Self-isolate the whole household. See the image at the end of this document for advice about how long other members of the household should self-isolate - Get your child tested (NHS 119) - Communicate with the school about the test result 	<p>...the test comes back negative or</p> <p>...10 days have passed since symptoms began, even if they still have a cough or loss of taste/smell. <i>(These symptoms can last for several weeks.)</i></p> <p>No temperature for a minimum of 48 hours AND the child feels well.</p>
...my child tests positive for Covid-19	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Do not go to school. - Contact school to inform them. - Agree an earliest date for possible return (minimum of 10 days). - Self-isolate the whole household. See the image at the end of this document for advice about how long members of the household should self-isolate 	<p>...10 days have passed since symptoms began, even if they still have a cough or loss of taste/smell. <i>(These symptoms can last for several weeks.)</i></p> <p>No temperature for a minimum of 48 hours AND the child feels well.</p>
...my child tests negative	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Contact school to inform them. - Discuss when your child can come back (same day/next day). 	<p>...the test comes back negative AND the child feels well.</p>
...my child is ill with symptoms not linked to Covid-19	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Do not go to school. - Contact school to inform them. - Ring on each day of illness. 	<p>...if a child is sick or has diarrhoea, parents should keep them off school for a period of 48 hours after the last bout of illness.</p>
...someone in my household has Covid-19 symptoms	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Do not send anyone from your household to school. - Contact school to inform them. - Self-isolate the whole household. - Household member with symptoms to get a test. - Communicate with the school about the test result 	<p>...the test comes back negative OR</p> <p>...see the image at the end of this document for advice about how long members of the household should self-isolate</p>
...someone in my household tests positive for Covid-19	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Do not send anyone from your household to school. - Contact school to inform them. - Agree an earliest date for possible return. - Self-isolate the whole household. 	<p>...see the image at the end of this document for advice about how long members of the household should self-isolate</p>

<p>...NHS test and trace has identified my child as a close contact of somebody with confirmed Covid-19</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Do not send the child who has had direct contact to school. - Contact school to inform them. - Agree an earliest date for possible return (minimum of 14 days). - Any other children in your household, who have not had direct contact, can go to school. 	<p>...the child who has had direct contact has completed 14 days of isolation</p>
<p>...NHS test and trace has identified a household member (other than my child) as a close contact of somebody with symptoms or confirmed Covid-19</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The household member must self-isolate for 14 days. - Child can continue to attend school. 	<p>...child can continue to attend school</p>
<p>... a sibling attending another school has been sent home to self-isolate due to there being a positive case in their school</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Sibling at other school must self-isolate for 14 days. <p>Sibling from another school can attend as normal</p>	<p>Sibling from another school can attend as normal</p>
<p>... my child has travelled abroad from a country or territory that is NOT on the exempt list of countries</p>	<p>If returning from a destination where quarantine is needed*:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - minimum of 14 days self-isolation for all those who travelled. - contact school to inform them you are back in the country and they will agree an earliest date for possible return to school. - Self-isolate the whole household. <p>*Foreign, Commonwealth & Development Office (FCDO) – for up to date travel information</p>	<p>...the quarantine period of 14 days has been completed.</p>
<p>... my child has travelled abroad from a country or territory that IS on the exempt list of countries</p>	<p>If returning from a destination where quarantine is NOT needed:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Check the current Exempt countries and territories list to confirm the country you have travelled from or through is on the exempt list. - Ring school to inform them you have returned to the UK and agree a return date to school. 	<p>... you have informed the office of your return to the UK</p>
<p>...I have travelled from a country that requires us to quarantine (but my child didn't travel)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - As long as you do not have / have not had symptoms in the last 14 days, your child can continue to attend school. - The person who has travelled MUST NOT leave the house, including to do pick-ups and drop offs (<i>please contact school if you need support getting your child to school</i>). 	<p>...child can continue to attend school</p>

<p>...we have received medical advice that my child must shield</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Do not go to school. - Contact school to inform them. - Shield until you are informed that restrictions are lifted and shielding is paused again. 	<p>...school inform you that restrictions have been lifted and your child can return to school again.</p> <p>...you receive medical advice that your child may return to school.</p>
<p>...my child's year group bubble is closed due to a Covid-19 outbreak in school</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Child must not go to school. - Support your child at home with remote education provided. - Your child will need to self-isolate for 14 days. - Other siblings, in other year groups, may continue to attend school. 	<p>...school inform you that the year group bubble will be reopened.</p>
<p>... I am unable to get a test for someone in the household who has symptoms</p>	<p>If you are not able to get a test, your child and anyone they live with must stay at home and self-isolate for 14 days.</p> <p>Anyone in your support bubble must also stay at home.</p>	<p>...the child has completed 14 days of isolation.</p>

What happens if someone in your family gets sick?



People may be able to pass on coronavirus without showing any symptoms

Source: Public Health England advice

